# Decarbonizing the European Truck Fleet: Policies, Technologies, and Infrastructure

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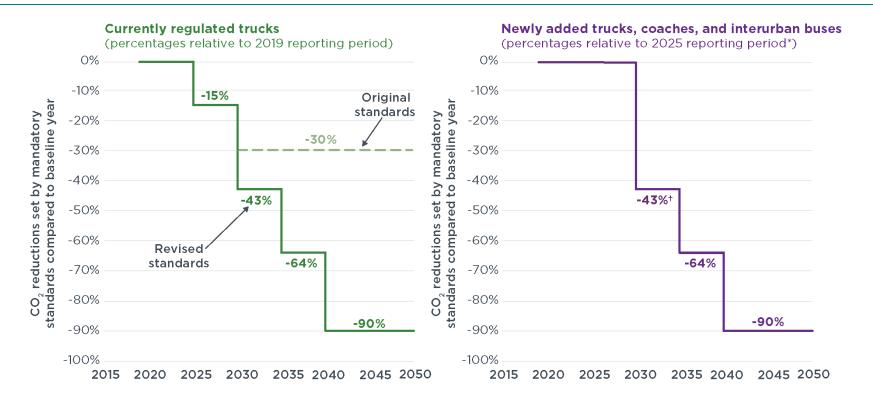
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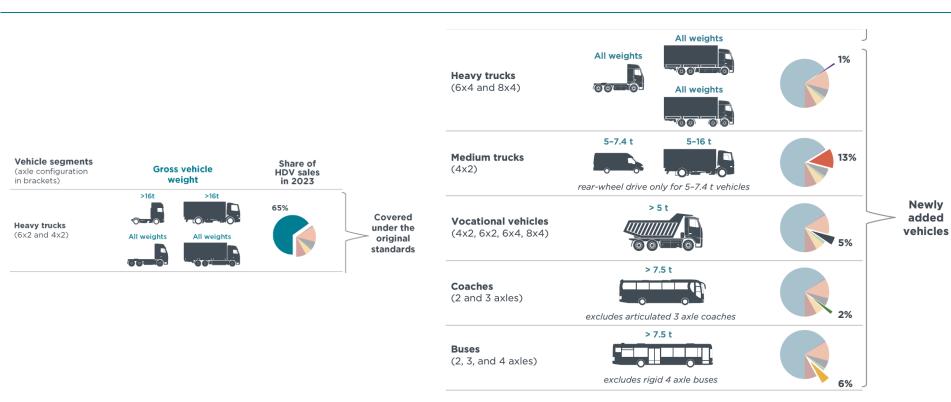


### Heavy-duty Vehicles CO<sub>2</sub> Policy Scene

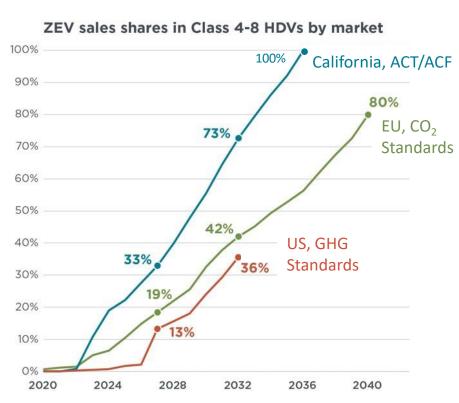
### CO<sub>2</sub> Reduction Standards for Heavy-duty vehicles in the EU.



### Scope of Vehicles Covered Under the EU CO<sub>2</sub> Standards



# Fuel Economy Standards in the US. Comparison Based on Expected Fleet Electrification



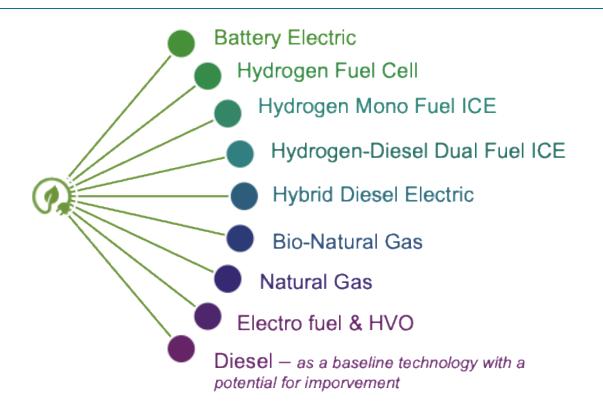
Policies driving zero-emission vehicles:

- California
  - ACT: ZEV sales requirement
  - ACF: ZEV purchase requirement
- European Union
  - CO<sub>2</sub> Standards
- United States
  - Phase 3 GHG Emissions | Fuel Economy Standards

ZEV: Zero-emission vehicle

### **Alternative Truck Technologies**

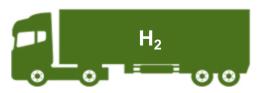
#### **Truck Decarbonization Technologies**



#### **Battery-electric**



#### Hydrogen-powered



Fuel Cells Hydrogen Combustion Engines

#### **Battery-electric Trucks Have Come a Long Way!**

#### Increase in model offerings

 All legacy OEMs are offering a wide range of electric trucks, including for long-haul applications.

### Driving ranges reaching 600km on a single battery charge

- o Up to 300 km in 2023
- o 150-200 km back in 2021-2022

#### Purchase cost ~ 2.5x more than diesel for long-haul

~ 5x more than diesel in 2022-2023

#### Total cost of ownership outlook is very promising

Light and medium commercial vehicles already show a favorable TCO







# Hydrogen Fuel Cell Trucks are Still Struggling to Catch up!

- Fewer model offerings than battery-electric
- Diesel-like driving ranges and refueling time
  - o Up to 1,000 km
  - o 20-30 mins refueling time
- Purchase costs are significantly higher than diesel and battery-electric
  - Expensive fuel cell stacks and hydrogen tanks
- Total cost of ownership outlook is very challenging
  - Hydrogen fuel cost is a key challenge
- Technology is expected to play a secondary role
  - Battery-electric trucks are expected to dominate the market for most segments, including long-haul.



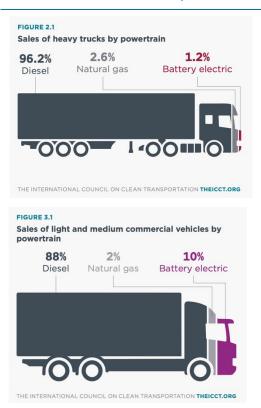


# Hydrogen Internal Combustion Engine Technology is Gaining Momentum!

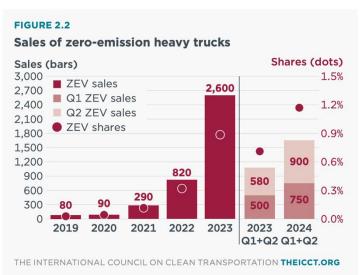
Legacy OEMs publicly announced their plans to develop this technology

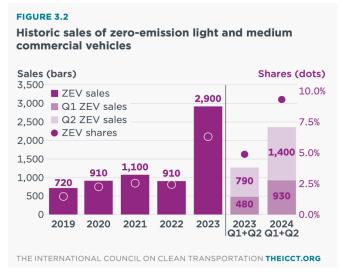
Location	Stakeholders	Announcement	Location	Stakeholders	Announcement
+	Scania and Westport Fuel Systems	Demonstrating HPDI hydrogen ICE (2023)		MAN	Testing 16.8-liter hydrogen ICE (2021 - 2023) – Small series production to start in 2025 (2024)
$\blacksquare$	Volvo Trucks	Plans for more hydrogen ICE laboratory testing (2023)		Daimler Trucks AG	Testing hydrogen ICE multipurpose truck (2023-2024)
	DAF	Prototype 26-tonne hydrogen ICE rigid truck (2022)		Renault Trucks and Université d'Orléans	'H <sub>2</sub> -PL' Demonstration Project (2021-2023)
	KEYOU	Testing hydrogen ICE 18-tonne rigid truck (2023)		IVECO and FPT Industrial	Demonstrating hydrogen ICE for trucks (2023)

# More Zero-emission trucks are Registered Every Quarter, Mainly Battery - electric



Registration data until Quarter 2 - 2024





#### Infrastructure

# **Enabling Conditions for Freight Decarbonization | Infrastructure is a Key Factor**



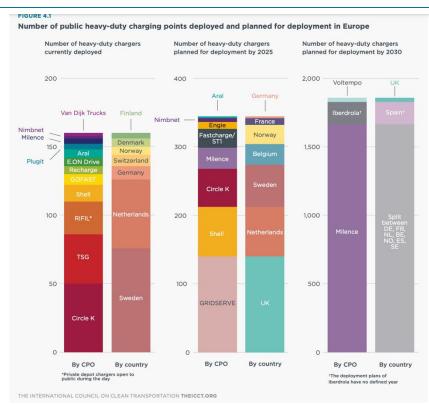
# **EU Alternative Fuels Infrastructure Regulation – Public Charging**

Target date	Scope	Minimum capacity requirement	Minimum distance requirement
December 71 2025	15%* of core and comprehensive TEN-T	One recharging pool with 1,400 kW of aggregated power	Every 120 km* in each direction of travel
December 31, 2025	Urban node	One recharging pool with 900 kW of aggregated power	-
December 31, 2027	50% of core and comprehensive TEN-T		
	TEN-T core	One recharging pool with 3,600 kW of aggregated power	Every 60 km in each direction of travel
		One hydrogen refueling station	Every 200 km
December 31, 2030	TEN-T comprehensive	One recharging pool with 1,500 kW of aggregated power	Every 100 km in each direction of travel
	Urban node	One recharging pool with 1,800 kW of aggregated power	-
		One hydrogen refueling station	-

The regulation also requires Member States to ensure the installation of at least **two publicly accessible 100 kW** charging stations at all safe and secure parking areas by **December 31, 2027**, and **four by December 31, 2030**.

# Fast and Ultra-fast Charging is Crucial to Enable Long-haul Electrification

- TSG charging plaza has 36 charging points for trucks and off-highway vehicles in the Netherlands.
- Milence: a joint venture between Daimler Trucks, Traton Group, and the Volvo Group.
  - Investment plan of 500 million euros to build 1,700 public charging points by 2027
  - Including megawatt chargers, spread out across Germany, the Netherlands, France, Belgium, Spain, Sweden, and Norway.
  - Milence opened its first 4 charging points in October 2023.



# Private or Semi-Public Depot Charging Has a Big Role to Play!

- Majority of trucking energy needs can be supplied at depots.
  - Including ~ 80% of a typical long-haul truck's daily energy needs.
  - Cross-boarder trucks will rely on public fast charging stations.
- Depot charging (private facilities) is expected to be cheaper than public charging.
  - Due to Higher utilization and longer available charging duration
  - This is a key enabler for favorable TCO for electric trucks
- Semi-public depots (shared depots) can further increase utilization and reduce costs.
  - Due to Higher utilization

# Fleet Electrification - Grid Integration | Short- and Long-term Challenges

- Limited existing grid capacities in urban areas to accommodate truck charging demand
  - All legacy OEMs are offering a wide range of electric trucks, including for longhaul applications.
- Long permitting process to expand the depot's power capacity
  - Complex bureaucracy across different local administrations
  - Waiting times to access higher depot power can reach up to 5 years

### **Key Takeaways**

#### Summary

- European regulations are paving the way for the decarbonization of the road freight sector.
- More zero-emission trucks are being registered each quarter, and OEMs are offering an increasing number of zero-emission truck models.
- Positive economic outlook for battery-electric trucks, even for the challenging long-haul segment.
- More public charging infrastructure must be deployed, and private charging has a big role to play.
- Grid capacity is a challenge in some areas.

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